



# James Fisher and Sons plc

2023 Interim Results Presentation

21 September 2023



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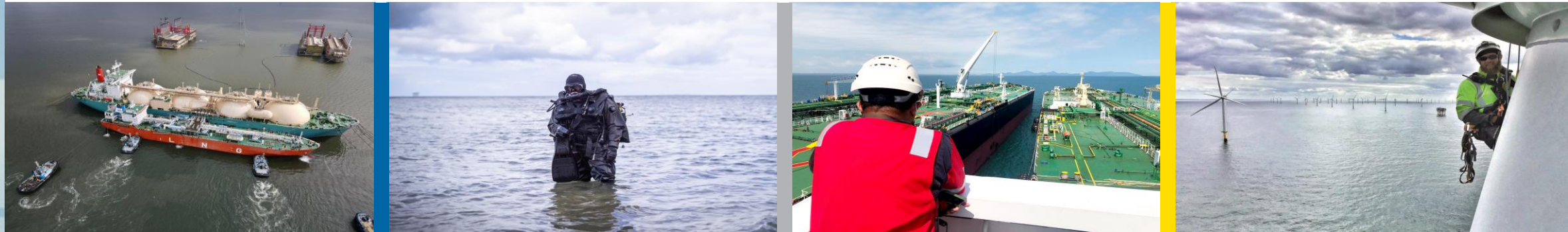
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# Agenda

- Introduction
- Financial Headlines
- Business Review
- Summary and Outlook
- Questions and Answers



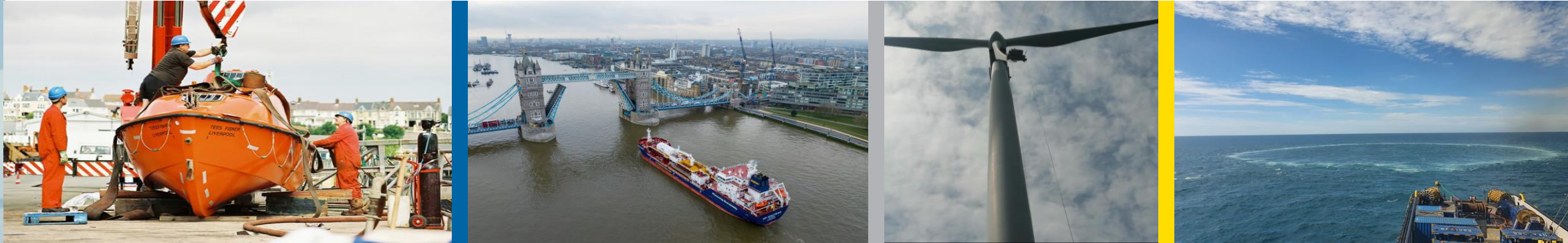
# Summary H1 2023



## FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

- **Strong revenue growth** of 17.2% to £252.0m (H1 22: £215.0m)
- **Underlying operating profit up** £2.6m to £14.0m (H1 22: £11.4m) and **operating margin enhancement** of 30bps
- **Loss before tax** of £4.4m (H1 22: profit £5.2m): refinancing advisory costs of £9.3m; higher interest rates
- **Reduction in leverage** vs H1 22 to 2.8x (H1 22: 3.3x; FY 22: 2.7x)
- **Refinancing completed**
  - £210m RCF (a reduced ask) with existing six lenders; March 2025 maturity
  - Stable platform from which to deliver turnaround
  - Expensive process; margin reflects market and business; covenant suite that matches business plan to deleverage

# Summary H1 2023



## OPERATIONAL PROGRESS

- Continued momentum behind **Group simplification**
  - Sales of Swordfish DSV; Nuclear Decommissioning business and obsolete assets
- **Focus, Simplify and Deliver**
  - Moving towards One James Fisher operating model
  - 3 divisions (Energy, Defence, Maritime Transport) aligned to market verticals
  - Business Excellence function to drive improvements and consistency; priority HSEQ and project management
  - Key hires across divisional and functional leadership

# Progress against 2023 priorities



## Guiding principle of working as “One James Fisher”

	Our ‘internal’ KPI scorecard	H1 23 Progress
<p><b>1 The best at HSE</b></p> <p>Any incident is one too many</p>	<p>10% improvement on 2022</p>	<p>LTIF: <b>0.53</b> vs target <b>0.48</b> TRCF: <b>2.38</b> vs target <b>2.39</b></p>
<p><b>2 Meet our budget and forecasts</b></p> <p>Improve forecast accuracy</p> <p>Improve cash collection</p>	<p>Reduce revenue and margin deviations vs Budget and Bid</p> <p>DSO + Internal DSO improvements</p>	<p>Revenue on track; some significant margin deviations in Europe</p> <p>DSO: <b>70</b> days vs <b>83</b> H1 2022</p>
<p><b>3 Divisional success</b></p> <p>Energy    Defence    Maritime Transport</p>	<p>Mid-term targets <b>&gt;10%</b> OP margin; <b>&gt;15%</b> ROCE</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Product lines above targets = grow</li> <li>- Product lines below targets = fix / improve</li> </ul>	<p>Defence and MT divisions improved OP margin. Energy and MT improved ROCE</p>
<p><b>4 Employee engagement and D&amp;I</b></p> <p>Everything starts with our team</p>	<p>Gallup Q12 engagement score <b>3.95</b></p>	<p>Annual survey to be conducted in November</p>



# Financial Headlines



# Financial Summary



Continuing operations £m	H1 23	H1 22	Change
Revenue	252.0	215.0	+17.2%
Underlying operating profit	14.0	11.4	+22.8%
Underlying operating profit margin	5.6%	5.3%	+30bps
Operating profit	3.2	9.8	-67.3%
(Loss) / profit before tax	(4.4)	5.2	n/m
ROCE	4.7%	2.7%	200bps

- Strong revenue growth of 17.2% vs H1 22; relatively weak comparator period; particularly strong growth from the Energy division
- Underlying operating profit growth of 22.8% to £14.0m, which includes the negative impact of an onerous contract provision of £1.7m
- Modest margin enhancement of 30bps as growth and improvement initiatives offset inflation and central function investments
- One-off advisory costs of refinancing (£9.3m) were a principal contributor to reduced operating profit
- Loss before tax reflects positive underlying trading performance offset by refinancing costs and higher interest rates
- Improvement in ROCE to 4.7%, recognising that there is significant work to do to reach mid-term target

# Divisional Performance Overview



£m	Revenue			Underlying operating profit		
	H1 23	H1 22	Change	H1 23	H1 22	Change
Energy	134.0	106.1	26.3%	7.5	6.2	21.0%
Maritime Transport	81.0	76.3	6.2%	10.0	8.4	19.0%
Defence	37.0	32.6	13.5%	0.6	(1.3)	n/m
Central				(4.1)	(1.9)	
<b>Total</b>	<b>252.0</b>	<b>215.0</b>	<b>17.2%</b>	<b>14.0</b>	<b>11.4</b>	<b>22.8%</b>

- All divisions delivered revenue and underlying operating profit growth
- **Energy** growth driven by price increases and well-testing, artificial lift and bubble curtains
- **Maritime Transport** growth from high tanker fleet utilisation and good day rates, LNG STS, and operating leverage from cost savings in 2022
- **Defence** seeing strong demand for diving equipment and good service revenues, projects remains at a low point; profitable following cost savings in 2022
- **Central costs** increase disproportionately affected by accrual of performance related pay plus investments in Business Excellence and central functions / Group-wide governance improvement programmes

# Cashflow



	H1 23 £m	H1 22 £m
(Loss) / profit for the period	(9.6)	2.0
Tax (credit) / charge	(1.2)	1.2
Adjustments to reconcile profit / (loss) before tax to net cash flows		
Depreciation and amortisation	20.8	20.4
Other non-cash items	(2.5)	(1.4)
Impairments	(0.3)	-
(Gain) / loss on disposal of businesses, net of disposal costs	2.1	-
Net finance expense	7.5	4.6
Net working capital movements	(8.4)	(24.2)
Defined benefit pension cash contributions less service cost	(0.8)	0.6
<b>Cash generated from operations</b>	<b>7.6</b>	<b>3.3</b>
Income tax payments	(4.1)	(4.4)
<b>Cash flow from operating activities</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>(1.1)</b>
<b>Investing activities</b>		
Dividends from joint venture undertakings	-	1.0
Proceeds from sale of assets and businesses	18.1	1.5
Finance income	1.2	0.2
Acquisition of subsidiaries, net of cash acquired	-	(1.4)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(16.8)	(10.7)
Development expenditure	(0.9)	(0.6)
<b>Cash flows from/(used in) investing activities</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>(10.0)</b>
<b>Financing activities</b>		
Finance costs	(6.3)	(3.1)
Capital element of lease repayments	(8.5)	(7.0)
Proceeds from borrowings	26.5	100.0
Repayment of borrowings	(19.1)	(104.0)
<b>Cash flows used in financing activities</b>	<b>(7.4)</b>	<b>(14.1)</b>
<b>Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>(2.3)</b>	<b>(25.2)</b>

- Working capital is being rebalanced:
  - Debtor days reduced from 83 to 70
  - Creditor days reduced from 97 to 82
- £18.1m net proceeds generated from sale of Swordfish, obsolete / underutilised assets and JFN
- Increased capex of £16.8m (H1 22: £10.7m) due to investment in 23 new compressors to meet bubble curtain demand; forecast ROCE significantly in excess of Group target
- Seasonal nature of the business means expectation of further net debt reduction and deleveraging by end of 2023

# Borrowing Facility



	H1 23	H1 22	FY22
Net debt : EBITDA actual (target)	2.8 (< 3.5)	3.3 (< 3.5)	2.7 (< 3.5)
Interest cover actual (target)	3.2 (> 2.5)	4.5 (> 3)	3.5 (> 3)
Covenant net debt (£m)	154.5	172.4	142.1

- **New secured RCF signed in June 2023 with existing six lenders:**
  - Maturity 31 March 2025
  - £210m facility with step-downs in September (£15m), December 2023 (£10m) and June 2024 (£10m)
  - Quarterly covenant tests aligned with business plan, including headroom
    - Leverage steps down in increments from 3.5x in Jun 23 to 2.5x from Sept 24
    - Interest cover flexes from 2.5x down to 1.75x in Dec 23 and up to 2.75x in Mar 25
    - 31 December covenants: leverage < 3.25x; interest cover > 1.75x
  - Margin of 250bps (< 1x) to 500bps (> 3x) depending on leverage



# Division Performance



# Energy



- **IRM delivered good revenue growth**, including the impact of having the Swordfish fully operational. European business experienced underutilisation of a seasonal vessel resulting in £1.7m provision
- **Artificial lift product sales increased by 43%**, with forward looking order book at record levels.
  - New manufacturing plant opened in Saudi Arabia to support regional growth strategy
- **Well-testing and bubble curtain businesses delivered 47% revenue growth** in strong market conditions.
  - New compressor fleet commissioned and quickly deployed on US East Coast windfarm projects. Significant market opportunity
- **Decommissioning faced some challenges**, with revenue down 39%. **Potential to pivot the business model**, leverage technology strength and focus on selective opportunities that deliver topline growth
- **Offshore wind**, including operations and maintenance, delivered **strong revenue growth** and modest operating profit.
  - Rapid market expansion and exciting levels of tendering activity; differentiated portfolio of services

	H1 23	H1 22	Change
Revenue	134.0	106.1	26.3%
UOP	7.5	6.2	21.0%
UOP margin	5.6%	5.8%	(20)bps
ROCE	8.2%	6.3%	190bps





# Maritime Transport



- **High utilisation of tanker fleet** (91% vs 88% H1 22) and continued good day rates for spot charters
- **Lady Maria Fisher** joined the fleet and is on charter
- Mersey Fisher reached end of commercial life and was sold in the period for \$3.3m
- Fendercare's **STS business has stabilised**, with H1 23 in line with H2 22
- A fourth LNG STS was purchased in the period with a customer retainer agreement quickly executed
- Cost saving measures taken in 2022 helped to **improve operating margin** and Fendercare continues to optimise its operating bases, taking the decision to exit its site in Malaysia due to market conditions

	H1 23	H1 22	Change
Revenue	81.0	76.3	6.2%
UOP	10.0	8.4	19.0%
UOP margin	12.3%	11.0%	130bps
ROCE	24.1%	14.9%	920bps



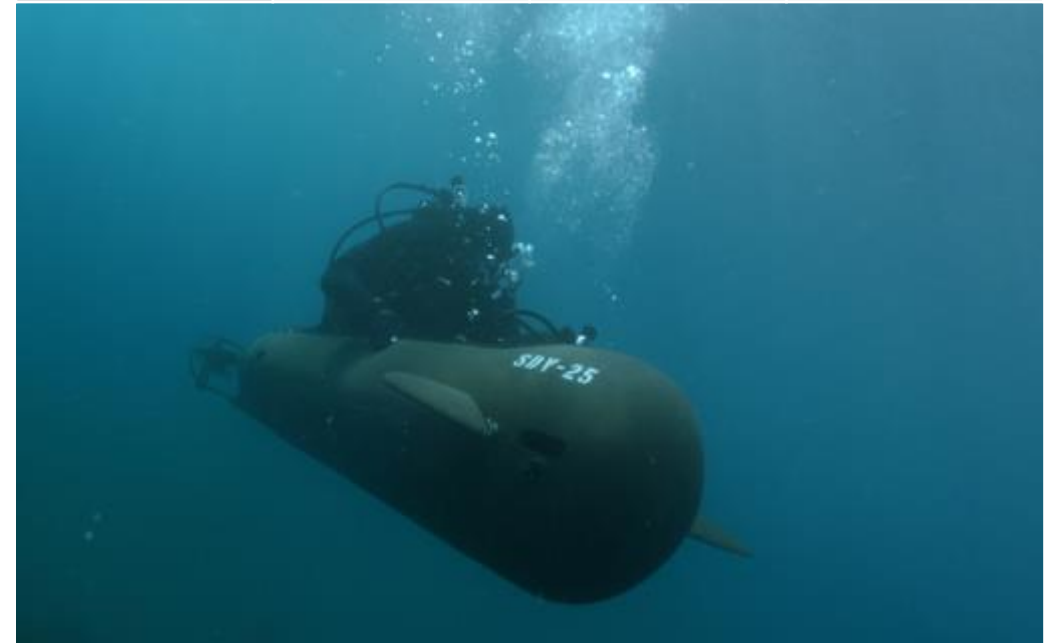


# Defence



- **Strong demand for commercial diving equipment** in the period, consistent with higher activity levels in the Energy division's diving activities
- Development work underway on **next generation products**
- Services **revenues were robust**, with continued good progress being made in India following challenges in 2022
- **Third generation of NATO submarine rescue services contract** went live in July 2023
- Forward order book of £224.5m (31 Dec 22: £245.0m)
- Sales funnel includes ~£270m of near-term and well qualified opportunities and **market dynamic is favourable** for JFD's portfolio

	H1 23	H1 22	Change
Revenue	37.0	32.6	13.5%
UOP	0.6	(1.3)	n/m
UOP margin	1.6%	(4.0%)	560bps
ROCE	1.8%	2.6%	(80)bps







# Summary and Outlook

# Our roadmap 2023 – 2027



## 2023 – 2024

### Deploy marine engineered solutions

- ▶ Defence
- ▶ Energy
- ▶ Transport

### One James Fisher

- ▶ Three divisions
- ▶ Customer engagement
- ▶ Service delivery
- ▶ New Exco

### Deliver on our commitments

- ▶ Impeccable HSE and quality
- ▶ Financial
- ▶ Sustainability

## 2025... and another 175 years

### Tier 1 provider, chosen by our customers because of our:

- ▶ Engaged, global, diverse, mobile talent
- ▶ Consistent, high standards of service – in all geographies
- ▶ Agile innovation and increased IP
- ▶ Partner of choice

# Summary and Outlook



- **Solid financial performance in H1 2023**
  - Strong revenue growth; some modest operating leverage progress
  - Refinancing costs and higher interest rates holding back improved pre-tax profitability
- **Continued progress against Focus, Simplify and Deliver objectives**
  - Divisional structure embedded
  - Business Excellence function established and delivering on HSEQ and project management priority areas
  - Strengthening of divisional and functional leadership
  - Ongoing review of portfolio against strategic and financial criteria
- **Trading in July and August in line with expectations**
- **Full year outlook unchanged**
  - Markets currently robust against macroeconomic uncertainties (interest rates, inflation, recession threat)
  - Expect to make continued financial progress and reduce leverage by end of 2023

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**Pioneering Sustainably**





# Appendix

# Income Statement



	Note	Six months ended 30 June 2023	Six months ended 30 June 2022 restated*	Year ended 31 December 2022
		£m	£m	£m
Continuing operations				
<b>Revenue</b>	4	<b>252.0</b>	215.0	478.1
Cost of sales		<u>(186.5)</u>	<u>(159.9)</u>	<u>(350.9)</u>
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>65.5</b>	55.1	127.2
Administrative expenses		<b>(62.4)</b>	(45.9)	(104.4)
Impairment of trade and other receivables		<b>(0.4)</b>	(0.8)	0.3
Share of post-tax results of associates		<b>0.5</b>	1.4	1.6
<b>Operating profit</b>	4	<b>3.2</b>	9.8	24.7
Finance income	6	<b>1.1</b>	0.2	0.7
Finance expense	6	<b>(8.7)</b>	(4.8)	(10.9)
<b>(Loss)/profit before taxation</b>		<b>(4.4)</b>	5.2	14.5
Income tax	7	<b>1.2</b>	(1.6)	(5.5)
<b>(Loss)/profit for the period from continuing operations</b>		<u><b>(3.2)</b></u>	<u>3.6</u>	<u>9.0</u>
<b>Loss for the period from discontinued operations, net of tax</b>	5	<u><b>(6.4)</b></u>	<u>(1.6)</u>	<u>(19.8)</u>
<b>(Loss)/profit for the period</b>		<u><b>(9.6)</b></u>	<u>2.0</u>	<u>(10.8)</u>
Attributable to:				
Owners of the Company		<b>(9.6)</b>	1.9	(11.1)
Non-controlling interests		<u>-</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0.3</u>
		<u><b>(9.6)</b></u>	<u>2.0</u>	<u>(10.8)</u>
<b>(Loss)/Earnings per share</b>		<b>pence</b>	pence	pence
<b>Basic</b>	8	<b>(19.0)</b>	3.7	(22.1)
<b>Diluted</b>	8	<b>(19.0)</b>	3.7	(22.1)
<b>(Loss)/Earnings per share - continuing activities</b>		<b>pence</b>	pence	pence
<b>Basic</b>	8	<b>(6.3)</b>	6.9	17.4
<b>Diluted</b>	8	<b>(6.3)</b>	6.9	17.4

# Underlying Operating Profit H1 23



	Continuing operations								
	As reported £m	Impairment charges/ (reversals) £m	Re-financing £m	Re-structuring £m	Disposal of businesses and assets £m	Other/ Tax £m	Underlying results £m	Discontinued operations £m	Total underlying results £m
<b>Continuing operations</b>									
Revenue	252.0	-	-	-	-	-	252.0	6.7	258.7
Cost of sales	(186.5)	-	-	-	(1.1)	-	(187.6)	(6.0)	(193.6)
<b>Gross profit</b>	<b>65.5</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(1.1)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>64.4</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>65.1</b>
Administrative expenses	(62.4)	(0.3)	9.3	1.4	-	1.5	(50.5)	(7.2)	(57.7)
Impairment of trade receivables	(0.4)	-	-	-	-	-	(0.4)	-	(0.4)
Share of post-tax results of associates	0.5	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	-	0.5
<b>Operating profit/(loss)</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>(0.3)</b>	<b>9.3</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>(1.1)</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>14.0</b>	<b>(6.5)</b>	<b>7.5</b>
Finance income	1.1	-	-	-	-	-	1.1	-	1.1
Finance expense	(8.7)	-	-	-	-	-	(8.7)	-	(8.7)
<b>Profit/(loss) before taxation</b>	<b>(4.4)</b>	<b>(0.3)</b>	<b>9.3</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>(1.1)</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>6.4</b>	<b>(6.5)</b>	<b>(0.1)</b>
Income tax	1.2	-	-	-	-	(2.9)	(1.7)	0.1	(1.6)
Profit/(loss) for the year from continuing operations	(3.2)	(0.3)	9.3	1.4	(1.1)	(1.4)	4.7	(6.4)	(1.7)
<b>Discontinued operations</b>									
(Loss)/profit for the year from discontinued operations, net of tax	(6.4)	-	-	-	-	-	(6.4)	6.4	-
<b>Profit/(loss) for the period</b>	<b>(9.6)</b>	<b>(0.3)</b>	<b>9.3</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>(1.1)</b>	<b>(1.4)</b>	<b>(1.7)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(1.7)</b>
Operating margin (%)	1.3%						5.6%	(97%)	2.9%

## Segmental underlying operating profit is calculated as follows:

Energy	6.9	(0.5)	-	0.4	0.4	0.3	7.5
Defence	0.7	(0.3)	-	0.2	-	-	0.6
Maritime transport	10.0	0.5	-	0.8	(1.5)	0.2	10.0
Corporate	(14.4)	-	9.3	-	-	1.0	(4.1)
<b>Continuing</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>(0.3)</b>	<b>9.3</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>(1.1)</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>14.0</b>

# Underlying Operating Profit H1 22



	Continuing operations							
	As reported restated £m	Amortisation of acquired intangible assets £m	Impairment charges/ (reversals) £m	Disposal of businesses and assets £m	Other/ Tax £m	Underlying results £m	Discontinued operations £m	Total underlying results £m
<b>Continuing operations</b>								
<b>Revenue</b>	215.0	-	-	-	-	215.0	23.4	238.4
Cost of sales	(159.9)	-	-	(1.0)	-	(160.9)	(21.8)	(182.7)
<b>Gross profit</b>	<b>55.1</b>	-	-	<b>(1.0)</b>	-	<b>54.1</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>55.7</b>
Administrative expenses	(45.9)	1.1	-	-	1.5	(43.3)	(3.5)	(46.8)
Impairment of trade receivables	(0.8)	-	-	-	-	(0.8)	-	(0.8)
Share of post-tax results of associates	1.4	-	-	-	-	1.4	0.0	1.4
<b>Operating profit/(loss)</b>	<b>9.8</b>	<b>1.1</b>	-	<b>(1.0)</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>11.4</b>	<b>(1.9)</b>	<b>9.5</b>
Finance income	0.2	0.0	-	-	-	0.2	0.0	0.2
Finance expense	(4.8)	0.0	-	-	-	(4.8)	(0.1)	(4.9)
<b>Profit/(loss) before taxation</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>1.1</b>	-	<b>(1.0)</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>(2.0)</b>	<b>4.8</b>
Income tax	(1.6)	0.0	-	-	(0.2)	(1.8)	0.4	(1.4)
<b>Profit/(loss) for the year from continuing operations</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>1.1</b>	-	<b>(1.0)</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>(1.6)</b>	<b>3.4</b>
<b>Discontinued operations</b>								
(Loss)/profit for the year from discontinued operations, net of tax	(1.6)	-	-	-	-	(1.6)	1.6	-
<b>Profit/(loss) for the period</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>1.1</b>	-	<b>(1.0)</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>(0.0)</b>	<b>3.4</b>
Operating margin (%)	4.5%					5.3%	(8%)	4.0%
<b>Segmental underlying operating profit is calculated as follows:</b>								
Energy	5.4	0.8	-	-	-	6.2		
Defence	(1.4)	0.1	-	-	-	(1.3)		
Maritime transport	9.1	0.2	-	(1.0)	-	8.4		
Corporate	(3.4)	-	-	-	1.5	(1.9)		
<b>Continuing</b>	<b>9.8</b>	<b>1.1</b>	-	<b>(1.0)</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>11.4</b>		